

Space-Time and Energy-Time: A Refined Examination.

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ABSTRACT

The speed of light is gravity inward forces of the magnetic field and the interaction of photons and mass electrons in the electro field are subjected to the gravity forces of the magnetic field. Gravity inward forces of the magnetic field are curved from mass in the electromagnetic field as general relativity. This report will show the difference between mass and infinity where the speed of light is common to both, giving an understanding of time and matter in the electromagnetic field. For ease of understanding the illustrations, the brief report (6 pages) should be printed out in color.

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INTRODUCTION

Electromagnetic radiation is comprised of standing waves in the opposite direction where direction is relative to the source of energy. The wave duality of the standing waves provides for both the electromagnetic and gravitational forces. A photon is a unit of existence (packet) of energy from standing waves at the antinodes where the speed of light is relative to infinity and mass is part of infinity. Energy is equal to frequency of the photons based on Planck's constant, $E = hv$.

REPORT AND ILLUSTRATIONS

From the illustration Figure 1A, energy is formed into half wavelengths at ultra high frequency standing waves.

The black-red electro wave-lengths become transverse waves because of the expansion process forming electro half waves perpendicular to the magnetic half waves. The half waves have two free ends where the anti-nodes are at the ends and nodes are in the middle such that each half wave keep multiplying indefinitely to complete whole wavelengths where $C = f \lambda$. As the wavelengths multiply from energy displacement, the expansion of the transverse waves becomes three dimensional as a spiral resulting in an endless unit without a boundary in time. Each photon wave in the field cone has its own independent cone state in the expansion process and each photon half wave is equivalent to two smaller half waves as a spiral within the photon to complete a whole wavelength.

From illustration Figure 1B, energy propagates in the direction of the X axis in a three dimensional cone in space. The black-red (dark) waves are the electro field on the Y plane and are at right angles to the page. The brown-green (light) waves are the magnetic field on the Z plane and are on the same plane as the page. The cone waves need to be visualized as a spectrum of different size wavelengths increasing in size moving outwardly, not just one size wavelength as shown. From the expansion of the standing waves into multiple wavelengths in a cone, the atom is depicted at center when electro field waves become nuclei in the apex. As a result of the expansion of standing waves in a spiral cone, the base between the circles give the necessary amplitude for the photons and electron(s) to interact as a coupling and the apex or dead center between the circles in the cone is the nuclei fused in time at much shorter wavelengths. The concentration of photons in the cone apex takes on mass as nuclei of finite energy where $E = MC^2$. The e coupling constant, about 137.03597 is the amplitude for a real electron to emit or absorb a real photon [1].

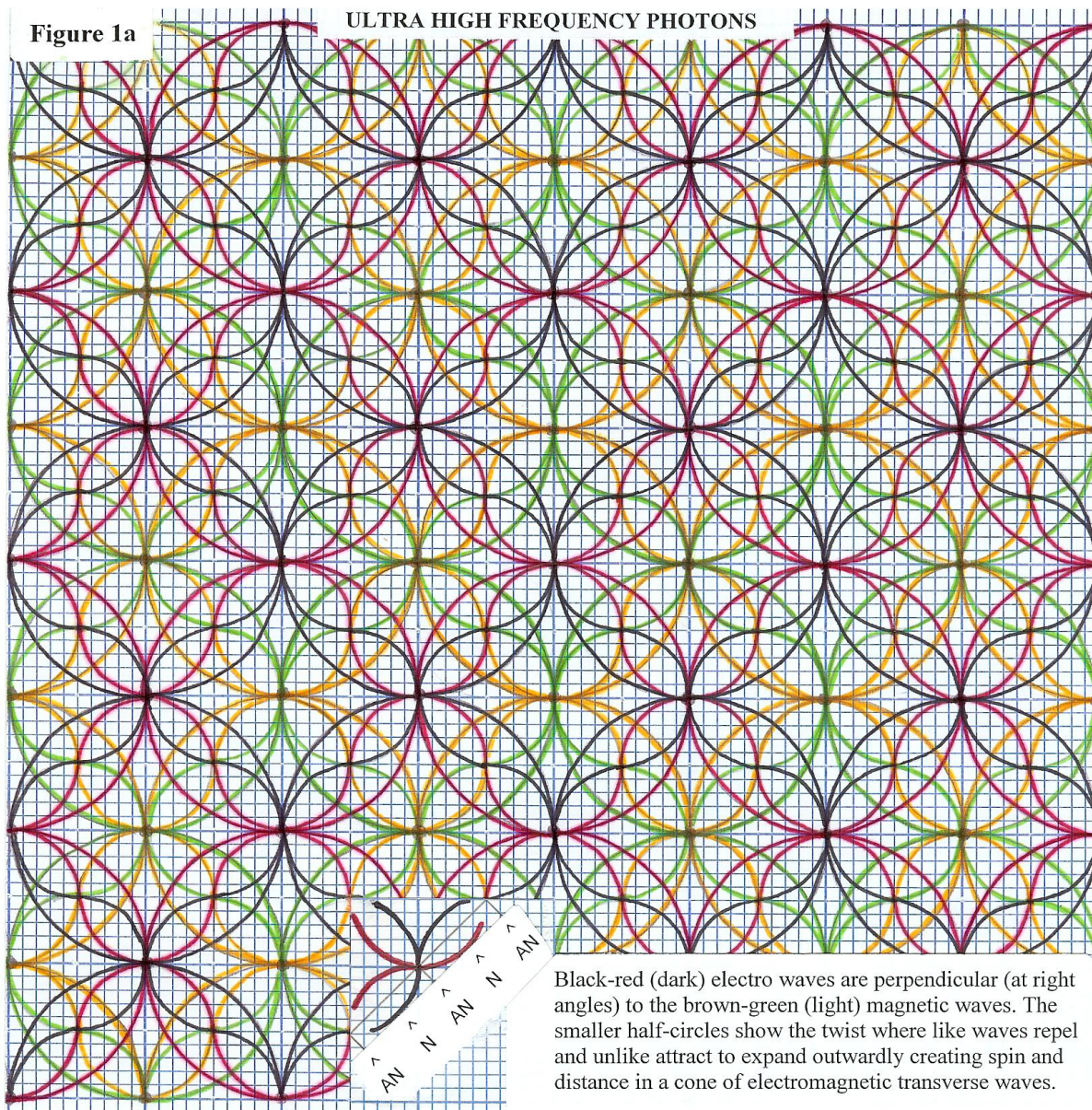


Figure 1A: Ultra High Frequency Photons.

It is important to visualize a quantum cone in Figure 1B from a spectrum of different size wavelengths moving outwardly. Electro and magnetic waves expand into larger waves from the antinodes (displacement) energy of standing waves at twice the wave amplitude of the smaller wave giving distance to the field. The waves increase in amplitude forming atom cones in the field where the apex of each atom cone from an infinite singularity have a strong nuclear force as nuclei.

The multi source interference pattern from the photon half waves is the electromagnetic wavelength spectrum. Electron(s) as a mass particle continue outwardly to interact with real photons at the base of the quantum cone which is the amplitude for the e-coupling constant. The electron as a wave particle propagates on the different size waves that form an electro atom cone.

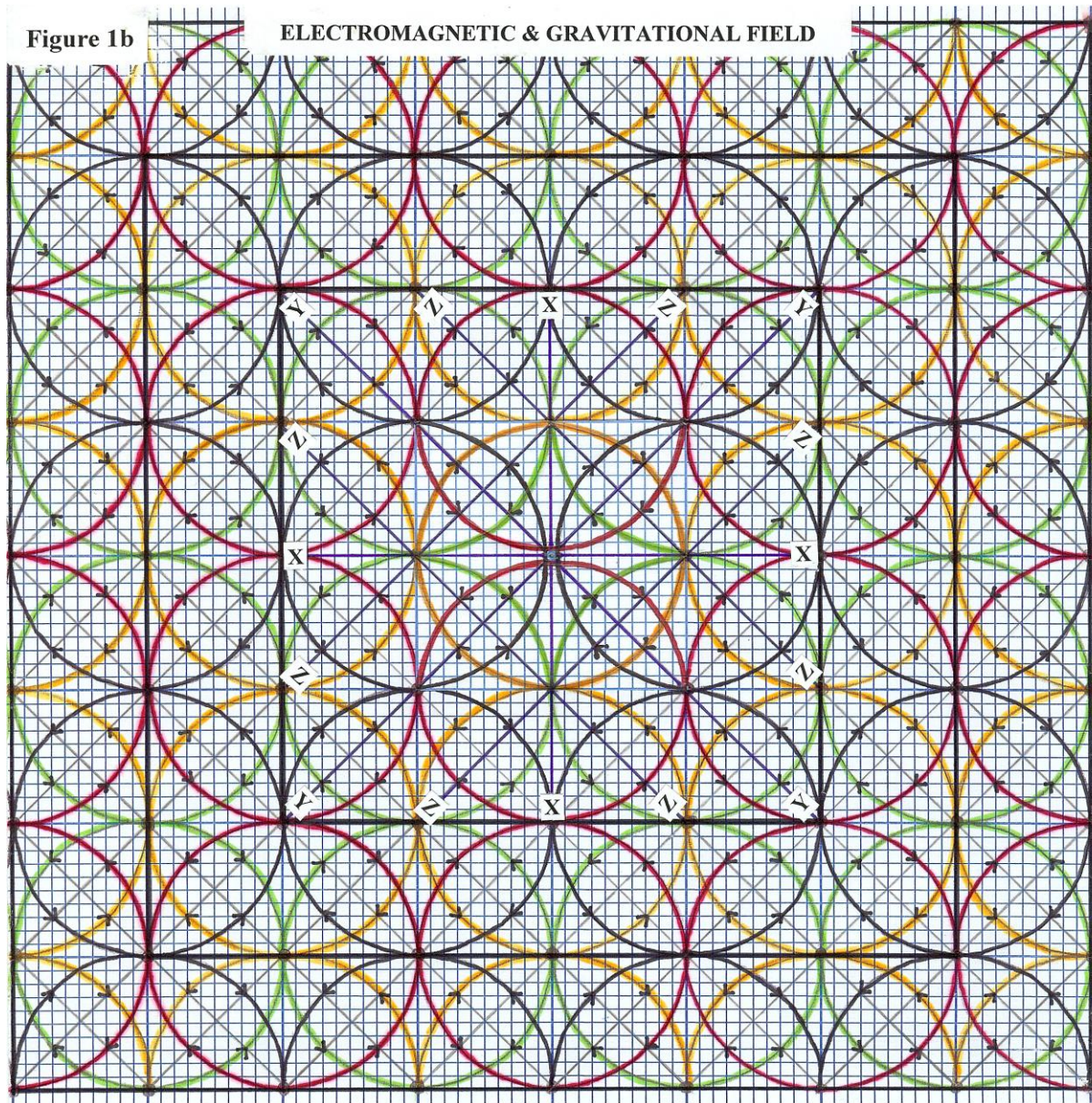


Figure 1B: Electromagnetic and Gravity Waves.

The electro field wave is perpendicular (at right angles) to the inside magnetic field wave, therefore, the electro will become nuclei as the preference of the two from energy expansion. Atom identity is determined by the life cycle duration of the electro couplings that became mass.

Like the life cycle of a star, the electro couplings having a longer duration to expand will nuclei as a

lighter atom such as a hydrogen atom. A star is formed when a large amount of gas (mostly hydrogen) starts to collapse in on itself due to its gravitational attraction [2]. The field radiation expands into larger waves from the displacement energy of standing waves and the energy from mass propagates on the waves. The field waves are endless in time; hence the waves are open-ended regardless of the size of the spiral waves in the wavelength spectrum.

Moving two steps from center in Figure 1B and squaring, there are four complete green (light) circles in the square. On three steps from center and squaring, there are nine complete brown (light) circles in the outer square and so on in the inverse square distance of the magnetic field. Moving diagonally from the center in Figure 1B, (Pythagorean Theorem), the photon half waves alternate between the electro and magnetic waves as photon energy in a vacuum which is the way light travels. Holding the illustrations up diagonally at eye level show how the transverse waves oscillate as photon energy in a vacuum.

Gravity forces come from the magnetic waves around the atom Figure 1B (center) which is an inward attraction force at the nodes that help conserve the energy Figure 1A. Note: Gravity inside waves are at the nodes when the mass electro waves are firing at the antinodes and vice versa. The electro is an outward expanding wave from the source of energy while the magnetic is an inward contracting wave to conserve energy. It should be noted in Figure 1B, the black electro waves and brown magnetic are outward/inward circular waves respectively while the red electro waves and green magnetic are expanding/contracting sine waves respectively. Gravity will adjust inward forces to conserve energy in any kind of atom right down to the nuclei apex within the cone. The atom and gravity are united and comply with the inverse square distance and constant G. It follows that the accumulation of mass includes the accumulation of gravity as the photon waves interact with other field electrons.

In Figure 1B, energy forms matter from electro couplings giving a point center to the magnetic circle of photons where the ratio of the diameter in the magnetic circle to its circumference is infinite. This ratio is pi and infinite from the open ended waves with pi having the same value regardless of the size of the circle. Mass is the center for a diameter in the field as a ratio to the open circumference. Therefore, mass is created from open-ended electro half waves at the apex of cone expansion in the electromagnetic field. Gravity inward forces from the magnetic half waves are the result of mass given that there can be no mass without gravity; hence, pi is the result of gravity forces on mass regardless of mass size.

CONCLUSION

$$E = C = \infty = \text{Open Cir.} = MC^2$$

Infinity is on the left side of the equation above. Mathematics has little application on the left side of the equation because there is nothing to measure or count. Photons are counted on the right side of the equation with mass because C is finite in the magnetic field as gravity waves. Photons are not counted on the left side of the equation because C is infinite without mass from the open-ended standing waves. In essence, the speed of light is relative to infinity and mass is part of infinity because the speed of light is from the same energy.

The classical three spatial dimensions is mass/gravity on the right side of $E = MC^2$. Time is finite on the right side of the equation with mass where the wavelength frequency has a beginning and an end. Time is infinite on the left side of the equation without mass where the wavelength frequency is standing having no beginning or end. An observer is part of time and part of infinity from the same source of energy where the speed of light is the same for all observers. General relativity indicates that space-time (λf) is not flat but curved or warped by the distribution of mass and energy in it [3]. Energy at the square root of C^2 as an outward force is synonymous with velocity, time, mass and finite C while the square root of C^2 as an inward force is synonymous with gravity, antimatter, dark energy and conservation of energy.

Velocity is distance divided by time where distance is the change in gravity in the second dimension. Free fall velocity is distance divided by time where distance is the change in gravity in the third dimension. Gravity in the first dimension is the existence of mass in the electro field. Gravity is the inverse square expansion of the magnetic field that contracts inward to offset mass in a quantum cone. C^2 is the inverse square distance of the magnetic field where mass is equal to energy divided by C^2 . Mass and C^2 cancel out leaving energy to equal infinity on the left side of the equation where distance, time and matter does not exist from the standing waves in space.

Mass is regulated by gravity as an opposing force at the speed of light. The satellites orbiting the earth are subject to gravity of the earth and the earth in turn is subject to gravity of the sun where all mass in the universe is receding in the electromagnetic field due to the different gravity levels in the field. The bridge between E and MC^2 is the cosmological constant C which is standing relative to infinity. Thus, $E = C = MC^2$ and C^2 is the multiplicative inverse of mass. Energy is equal to mass and conversely mass is the same as energy when C is finite because E is equal to the square root of C^2 as the reciprocal of mass on the right side of the equation in the form of gravity and is standing relative to infinity on the left side of the equation in the form of standing waves..

Photons in the form of energy are infinitely small just as they are infinitely large; matter as finite energy is an intermediary and part of infinite energy. Matter is projected as energy at each half cycle; hence, there is no energy or matter at the nodes where $C = f\lambda$. The speed of light is standing relative to infinity because the wavelengths are open-ended without a boundary in time. The speed of light is finite relative to mass because all mass in the electro field is subjected to the gravitational forces of the magnetic field. The wavelength and frequency are all that

changes in the magnetic field for space-time and mass in the electro field curves or warp space-time in the electromagnetic field. If there was no mass in the electro field, then the speed of light would be standing relative to infinity having no beginning or end. The electromagnetic field is static from standing waves and the mass in it is receding as a result of the different gravity levels in the field evidenced by the redshift and distance. Mass is receding in the field of a static universe that give finite time on the right side of the equation.

Real photons do not have mass. Mass is the rest mass at the nodes of standing waves where a photons rest mass is zero but photons have momentum and energy at the antinodes that take on mass from energy expansion. Photon energy at the apex of cone expansion having density that interacts with real photons and gravity is time and matter in the electromagnetic field. The perception of a cone is the infinite apex within it due to the open-ended standing waves in space. Standing waves are infinite in a medium called space that is in itself infinite without a beginning or end on the left side of the equation while the standing waves are finite in a medium called space that is in itself finite having a beginning and an end on the right side of the equation.

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| <i>Left Side</i> | <i>Right Side</i> | |
| $E = C = \infty = \text{Open Cir.}$ | $= MC^2$ | Looking at the universe without mass.
The square root of C^2 is Gravity inward force of the magnetic field that offset Mass of the electro field on the right side of the equation above and is infinite on the left side of the equation. |

- $$M = \frac{E = C = \infty}{C^2}$$

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| | | Distance is the size of the magnetic wavelengths or Space that is inverse to its square which is the change in gravity. |
|--|--|---|

- | | | |
|--|---|-------|
| | $\text{Velocity} = \frac{\text{Distance } \lambda}{\text{Time } f}$ | $= C$ |
|--|---|-------|

Time is frequency of the magnetic wavelengths in Space on the right side of the equation.

- $C = MC^2 = \frac{M \text{ (Electro Field)}}{C^2 \text{ (Magnetic Field)}} = \infty$

- $\begin{matrix} \text{Outward Electro} & A \text{ to } B & = & M \\ & \times & & \text{---} \\ \text{Inward Magnetic} & B \text{ to } A & = & C^2 \end{matrix} = \infty$

- $C = \frac{M}{C^2} = \infty$ Where $C = f \lambda$
 $\lambda = \infty$ The standing wavelengths are open-ended without a boundary for each photon.

- $G = MC^2$ or $M = \frac{G}{C^2}$
 Looking at the universe with mass in it.
 The square root of C^2 is Gravity inward force.
 The Mass-Energy equivalence is finite at the speed of light where space-time (λf) is curved from mass in general relativity.

REFERENCES

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3. *Ibid.* Hawking. 40-42
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ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Linus O'Sullivan, BBA. Upon retiring from the business world, he studied cosmology over time and determined that the electromagnetic waves have duality, the same as photons, opening up a new different way of thinking about the Universe. His interest is to pursue photon energy as it applies to gravity waves, relativity, and spacetime.